INFRINGEMENT

3

10

11 12 13

15 16

17

14

18 19

20

22

23

21

24 25

26

27 28 performing publicly copyrighted compositions, however, the terrestrial radio company must obtain authorization to do so.

- When a terrestrial radio company performs a musical composition 3. without obtaining the necessary advanced permission, it acts in violation of federal copyright laws. When that terrestrial radio company had been offered *ten* separate opportunities to license the public performances, declined those opportunities,<sup>1</sup> paid *nothing* for performances, and *still* performed *more than one hundred* compositions tens of thousands of times, then it acted willfully in violation of federal copyright laws. Defendants are willful infringers.
- 4. Performance Rights Organizations, or "PROs" as they are known in the music industry, represent songwriters and publishers in licensing the public performances of copyrighted music. For decades, there were only three PROs— ASCAP, BMI, and SESAC—which collectively represented (and continue to represent) more than tens of thousands of composers and 20 million compositions that are available for public performance.
- 5. Founded in 2013, GMR is the fourth PRO overall—and the first new PRO in the United States in more than 70 years. GMR represents an elite roster of just over 100 songwriters (and associated publishers), including Bruce Springsteen, Bruno Mars, Drake, Pharrell Williams, John Lennon, and The Eagles, in licensing the public performances of their copyrighted music (the "GMR" Compositions").
- Defendants are sophisticated media companies and the owner of a sophisticated media company that operate numerous radio stations in California. Some of Defendants' radio stations perform GMR Compositions and, since at least

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On one occasion, in response to GMR's ninth license offer to Defendants, Defendants opted into the license but then failed to pay any of the license fees due thereunder.

6

10 11

12

14

13

15 16

17

18 19

20 21

22 23

25

24

26

27 28 2017, these stations have performed GMR Compositions without obtaining a license in violation of copyright laws.

- Defendants' infringements were neither incidental nor accidental. Defendants radio stations performed more than one hundred GMR Compositions tens of thousands of times.
- 8. Defendants' infringements were willful. GMR submitted to Defendants in January 2017, August 2017, February 2018, August 2018, February 2019, August 2019, March 2020, March 2021, December 2021, and January 2022 ten separate written license offers pursuant to which radio stations owned by Defendants would be authorized to perform publicly the GMR Compositions. Defendants did not accept them,<sup>2</sup> and Defendants did not pay GMR any license fees from January 2017 through the filing of this complaint. Defendants made the strategic decision not to pay GMR for these uses and hoped to get away with it. But Defendants did not get away with it. Its stations have been caught red-handed violating the law.
- 9. By way of this Complaint, GMR seeks to hold Defendants accountable for their willful infringements of the GMR Compositions.

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 10. This is a suit for copyright infringement under the United States Copyright Act of 1976, as amended, 17 U.S.C. § 101, et seq. (the "Copyright Act"). This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a).
- This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because, among other things, Defendants operate radio stations in the State of California, Defendants regularly conduct or have conducted business in the State of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As noted above, while in response to GMR's ninth license offer in December 2021 Defendants opted into the license, they failed to pay any of the license fees due thereunder.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

1920

17.

- 2122
- 2324

24

26

25

27

28

of business at 1415 Fulton St, Fresno, California 93721.

18. John Ostlund is a resident of the State of California. On information and belief his principal place of business at 1415 Fulton St. Fresno, California.

JSA Broadcasting is a California corporation with its principal place

with its principal place of business at 1415 Fulton St, Fresno, California 93721.

- and belief his principal place of business at 1415 Fulton St, Fresno, California 93721.
- 19. Defendants are major media companies and the owner of major media companies that during the relevant period in this case owned radio stations in California, including but not limited to the following stations: KJFX-FM, KJWL-FM, KYNO-AM, KWDO-FM, and KFRR-FM.

### THE COPYRIGHTED WORKS

- 20. Beginning as late as January 1, 2017 (and possibly earlier) and continuing through the present, radio stations owned by Defendants have publicly performed GMR Compositions without obtaining a license and without paying for their performances. Exhibit A identifies the GMR Compositions that Defendants have performed since January 2020 that are currently the subject of this lawsuit. Radio stations owned by Defendants performed publicly these GMR Compositions *more than 20,000 times*.<sup>3</sup>
- 21. Each of the GMR compositions listed on Exhibit A was registered with the United States Copyright Office and complied in all respects with the requirements of the Copyright Act. Certificates of Registration have been granted for each of those works.
- 22. The owners of each work listed on Exhibit A each possess public performance rights in the GMR Compositions. Those owners have granted to GMR the exclusive third-party right to license to others the right to perform publicly the GMR Compositions.
- 23. For each infringement listed on Exhibit A, Defendants and/or radio stations owned by Defendants did not have a valid license, authorization, permission, or consent to perform publicly the GMR Compositions.
- 24. Also, radio stations owned by Defendants may have performed publicly without authorization and, therefore, intentionally infringed other GMR Compositions that are not identified on Exhibit A and for which they may be liable under the Copyright Act.
- 25. Defendants' infringement of each GMR Composition is governed by the same legal rules and involves similar facts and, thus, litigating them together promotes the administration of justice and avoids a multiplicity of separate, similar actions against Defendants.

COMPLAINT FOR COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> GMR reserves the right to amend its complaint based on further investigation and/or information learned in discovery.

### **DEFENDANTS' INTENTIONAL INFRINGEMENT**

- 26. Defendants' radio stations have infringed the GMR Compositions thousands of times. Defendants had the legal obligation to ensure that its radio stations obtained authorization to perform the GMR Compositions before the stations publicly performed the GMR Compositions. Defendants did not obtain the necessary authorization, making the calculated decision instead to infringe freely and hope GMR would either not find out or not enforce its rights.
- 27. Defendants are aware and knew that the public performance of copyrighted musical compositions on their radio stations without a valid license would constitute copyright infringement. Defendants have operated radio stations in the United States for years and GMR has repeatedly advised Defendants that they need a valid license to perform GMR Compositions. As media companies with years of experience, Defendants are well-versed in matters of licensing and copyright infringement and understand fully their obligation to obtain a performance rights license before performing copyrighted works on their radio stations.
- 28. Defendants are aware and knew that the public performance of the GMR Compositions required prior authorization and that publicly performing the GMR Compositions without prior authorization would constitute copyright infringement. GMR's entrance into the PRO market in 2013 was headline news in the music industry and was noted in multiple national publications. *See, e.g.*, Ben Sisario, *Irving Azoff to Start New Entertainment Business*, NEW YORK TIMES, Sept. 4, 2013.<sup>4</sup> In the years following GMR's founding, prominent music industry publications have regularly published articles tracking the movement of artists from other PROs to GMR. *See, e.g.*, Ed Christman, *Pharrell to Leave ASCAP for Irving and Grimmet's Global Music Rights*, BILLBOARD MAGAZINE, Jul. 25,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available at <a href="https://www.nytimes.com/2013/09/05/business/media/irving-azoff-starts-new-entertainment-business.html">https://www.nytimes.com/2013/09/05/business/media/irving-azoff-starts-new-entertainment-business.html</a> (last accessed October 3, 2022).

2014;<sup>5</sup> Ed Christman, *Prince Estate Taps Azoff's Global Music Rights to Oversee Artist's Entire Catalog*, BILLBOARD MAGAZINE, Jan. 11, 2017.<sup>6</sup> Another PRO, BMI, posted a notice on its website notifying licensees that a number of songwriters previously affiliated with BMI had joined GMR and that a license from BMI would no longer permit the public performance of those songwriters' compositions.

- 29. Defendants made a willful, calculated, and strategic decision not to obtain prior authorization to perform publicly the GMR Compositions and hope that GMR would not find out or would choose not to enforce its rights. On multiple occasions between January 2017 and the present, GMR offered Defendants the opportunity to license GMR Compositions for public performance and warned Defendants that their stations were not authorized to perform publicly the GMR Compositions unless Defendants secured and paid for a license:
- 30. The first written proposal from GMR to Defendants was in January 2017. It stated: "GMR has agreed to offer a 9-month . . . license to [Defendants] . . . If you choose to enter into this . . . license, stations owned by [Defendants]. . . may publicly perform GMR's repertory . . . ." Defendants did not submit a signed license, and did not pay GMR any money.
- 31. In March 2017, GMR sent Defendants another communication, stating: "We write to follow up on our attempts to contact you concerning your radio station group and GMR compositions. GMR offered [a] . . . license to radio station groups seeking to use GMR compositions . . . To date, we have not received a signed agreement or payment from you. Accordingly, you are not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Available at <a href="https://www.billboard.com/articles/business/6188942">https://www.billboard.com/articles/business/6188942</a> /pharrell-to-leave-ascap-for-irving-and-grimmets-global-music-rights (last accessed October 3, 2022).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Available at <a href="https://www.billboard.com/articles/business/7654288/prince-global-music-rights-gmr-performance-licensing-deal">https://www.billboard.com/articles/business/7654288/prince-global-music-rights-gmr-performance-licensing-deal</a> (last accessed October 3, 2022).

- 32. In August 2017, GMR sent Defendants another communication, stating: "GMR is . . . offering [a] 6-month license . . . If you choose to enter into this . . . license, stations owned by [Defendants] may publicly perform GMR's repertory." Defendants did not submit a signed license, and did not pay GMR any money.
- 33. In February 2018, GMR sent Defendants another communication, stating: "GMR is . . . offering [a] 6-month license . . . If you choose to enter into this . . . license, stations owned by [Defendants] may publicly perform GMR's repertory." Defendants did not submit a signed license, and did not pay GMR any money.
- 34. In August 2018, GMR sent Defendants another communication, stating: "GMR is . . . offering [a] 6-month license . . . If you choose to enter into this . . . license, stations owned by [Defendants] may publicly perform GMR's repertory." Defendants did not submit a signed license, and did not pay GMR any money.
- 35. In February 2019, GMR sent Defendants another communication, stating: "GMR is . . . offering [a] 6-month license . . . If you choose to enter into this . . . license, stations owned by [Defendants] may publicly perform GMR's repertory." Defendants did not submit a signed license, and did not pay GMR any money.
- 36. In August 2019, GMR sent Defendants another communication, stating: "GMR is . . . offering [a] 6-month license . . . If you choose to enter into this . . . license, stations owned by [Defendants] may publicly perform GMR's repertory." Defendants did not submit a signed license, and did not pay GMR any money.

- 37. In March 2020, GMR sent Defendants another communication, stating: "GMR is . . . offering [a] 12-month license . . . If you choose to enter into this . . . license, stations owned by [Defendants] may publicly perform GMR's repertory." Defendants did not submit a signed license, and did not pay GMR any money.
- 38. In March 2021, GMR sent Defendants another communication, stating: "GMR is . . . offering [a] 9-month license . . . If you choose to enter into this . . . license, stations owned by [Defendants] may publicly perform GMR's repertory." Defendants did not submit a signed license, and did not pay GMR any money.
- 39. In December 2021, GMR sent Defendants another communication offering Defendants a 3-month license and informing Defendants that "failure to secure this [license] will result in your company being unlicensed and unauthorized to perform the music represented by GMR." Defendants opted into the license, but did not pay GMR any money.
- 40. In January 2022, GMR sent Defendants another communication offering Defendants a long-term license that would "give [Defendants' stations] the opportunity to perform GMR works for up to the next 7 years with rate certainty." Defendants did not submit a signed license, and did not pay GMR any money.
- 41. Despite not responding to nearly all of the above communications, and despite never paying GMR any license fees, stations owned by Defendants performed publicly more than one hundred GMR Compositions, more than 20,000 times, at a minimum.
- 42. The stations that performed the GMR Compositions without authorization profited handsomely from the use of the intellectual property. By performing the high quality works in the GMR repertory, Defendants' stations

were able to attract more listeners, which in turn allowed them to obtain additional advertising revenues.

### **CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

#### **COUNT I**

### (Direct Copyright Infringement – Public Performance)

- 43. GMR incorporates herein by this reference each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 42 above.
- 44. The copyrights to the GMR Compositions have been registered with the United States Copyright Office.
- 45. GMR has the exclusive third-party right to authorize others to publicly perform the GMR Compositions.
- 46. Defendants have infringed the copyright interests in the GMR Compositions by performing the GMR Compositions on their radio stations without authorization, in violation of the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. §§ 106 and 501.
- 47. Defendants' acts of infringement are willful, intentional, purposeful, and in disregard of and indifferent to the rights of GMR and those of the songwriters it represents.
- 48. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' willful and infringing uses of the GMR Compositions, GMR is entitled to maximum statutory damages of \$150,000 for each copyright infringed, damages and to Defendants' profits in amounts to be proven at trial, and/or such other amount as may be proper under 17 U.S.C. § 504(c).
- 49. GMR is further entitled to recover its attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505.
- 50. As a result of Defendants' acts and conduct, GMR has sustained and will continue to sustain substantial, immediate, and irreparable injury, for which there is no adequate remedy at law. GMR is informed and believes, and on that

25

26

27

28

22

23

attorney fees, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505; and

e) Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

	Case 1:22-cv-01262-ADA-SAB Document 1 Filed 10/04/22 Page 12 of 16
1 2 3 4	Dated: October 4, 2022 Respectfully submitted,
5	By: <u>/s/ Stephen J. McIntyre</u>
6	
7	Daniel M. Petrocelli dpetrocelli@omm.com
8	David Ma <mark>rroso</mark> dmarr <mark>oso@om</mark> m.com
9	Stephen J. McIntrye
10	smcintyre@omm.com <mark>O'MEL</mark> VENY & MYERS LLP
11	1999 Avenue of the Stars
12 13	Los Angeles, California 90067 Telephone: (310) 553-6700
13	Attorneys for Global Music Rights,
15	LLC
16	Co
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24 25	
26	
27	
28	

# EXHIBIT A

### GMR COMPOSITIONS INFRINGED BY DEFENDANTS

No.	Composition Title
1.	99
2.	4TH OF JULY
3.	ABRACADABRA
4.	
5.	AGAINST THE WIND
	ALL NIGHT LONG
6.	ALL NIGHT LONG
7.	ANY WAY YOU WANT IT
8.	APOLOGIZE
9.	ASK THE LONELY
10.	ATHENA
11.	BADLANDS
12.	BEAUTIFUL LOSER
13.	BEING WITH YOU
14.	BETTER MAN
15.	BIG LOVE
16.	BLACK
17.	BLACK HOLE SUN
18.	BLINDED BY THE LIGHT
19.	BLOW UP THE OUTSIDE WORLD
20.	BORN IN THE U.S.A.
21.	BORN TO RUN
22.	BURD <mark>EN IN</mark> MY HAND
23.	CADILLAC RANCH
24.	COVER ME
25.	CRASH INTO ME
26.	CUTS LIKE A KNIFE
27.	DANCING IN THE DARK
28.	DO I WANNA KNOW?
29.	DO YOU HEAR WHAT I HEAR?
30.	DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
31.	DON'T TREAD ON ME
32.	EMINENCE FRONT
33.	ENTER SANDMAN
34.	EVEN FLOW
35.	FADE AWAY
36.	FAITHFULLY
37.	FEEL LIKE A NUMBER
38.	FEELS LIKE THE FIRST TIME

1	No.	Composition Title
$_{2}\parallel$	39.	FELL ON BLACK DAYS
_	40.	FIRE
3	41.	FIRE DOWN BELOW
4	42.	FIRE LAKE
4	43.	FLOY JOY
5	44.	FLY LIKE AN EAGLE
	45.	FUEL
6	46.	GET OUT OF DENVER
7	47.	GLORY DAYS
·	48.	GO YOUR OWN WAY
8	49.	HARD TO EXPLAIN
9	50.	HEART LIKE A WHEEL
9	51.	HEAVY MUSIC
10	52.	HER STRUT
	53.	HERO OF THE DAY
11	54.	HOLD THE LINE
12	55.	HOLLYWOOD NIGHTS
	56.	HUNGER STRIKE
13	57.	HUNGRY HEART
$_{14}\parallel$	58.	I WANT TO KNOW WHAT LOVE IS
17	59.	I'M GOIN' DOWN
15	60.	I'M ON FIRE
16	61.	I'M SO AFRAID
16	62.	IT'S ONLY LOVE
17	63.	JEREMY
.	64.	JODY GIRL
18	65.	KATMANDU
19	66.	KEEP ON RUNNIN'
	67.	KING NOTHING
20	68.	LAST NITE
21	69.	LET MY LOVE OPEN THE DOOR
<sup>_1</sup>	70.	LIDO SHUFFLE
22	71.	LIFE'S BEEN GOOD
,,	72.	LIGHT OF DAY
23	73.	LIGHTS
24	74.	LIKE A ROCK
	75.	LIVING IN THE U.S.A.
25	76.	LOOKIN' BACK
26	<del>77</del> .	LOVIN', TOUCHIN', SQUEEZIN'
	78.	LOW DOWN
27	79.	MAINSTREET
,	80.	MATTER OF TIME
28	81.	MEMORY REMAINS

COMPLAINT FOR COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT

	No.	Composition Title
	82.	MONDAY MORNING
	83.	MY BABY GIVES IT AWAY
	84.	MY HOMETOWN
	85.	MY LITTLE DEMON
Ī	86.	NEVER GOING BACK AGAIN
	87.	NIGHT MOVES
	88.	NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
	89.	ONCE
Ī	90.	ONE
	91.	ONE STEP UP
Ī	92.	ONLY THE YOUNG
Ī	93.	OPEN ARMS
	94.	OUTSHINED
	95.	PINK CADILLAC
	96.	PRETTY NOOSE
Ī	97.	PROVE IT ALL NIGHT
	98.	RAMBLIN' GAMBLIN' MAN
	99.	ROCK 'N ME
	100.	ROCK AND ROLL NEVER FORGETS
Ī	101.	ROLL ME AWAY
	102.	ROSALITA (COME OUT TONIGHT)
Ī	103.	ROSANNA
	104.	ROUGH BOYS
	105.	RUN TO YOU
	106.	RUSTY CAGE
	107.	SAD BUT TRUE
	108.	SAY HELLO 2 HEAVEN
	109.	SECOND HAND NEWS
	110.	SEEK AND DESTROY
	111.	SEND HER MY LOVE
	112.	SEPARATE WAYS (WORLDS APART)
	113.	SOMEBODY
	114.	SPACE INTRO
	115.	SPOONMAN
	116.	SQUEEZE BOX
	1 <mark>17.                                   </mark>	STATE OF LOVE AND TRUST
	118.	STILL THE SAME
	119.	STILL THEY RIDE
4	120.	STONE IN LOVE
	121.	STREETS OF PHILADELPHIA
	122.	SUMMER OF '69
	123.	SUNSHOWER
ŀ	124.	SUNSPOT BABY

COMPLAINT FOR COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT

1	No.	Composition Title
2	125.	SUPERBLOOD WOLFMOON
	126.	TAKE THE MONEY AND RUN
3	127.	TENTH AVENUE FREEZE-OUT
4	128.	THE KILL
	129.	THE UNFORGIVEN
5	130.	THIS LITTLE GIRL
	131.	THUNDER ROAD
6	132.	TOMORROW PEOPLE
7	133.	TRAVELIN' MAN
	134.	TROUBLE
8	135.	TUNNEL OF LOVE
9	136.	TURN THE PAGE
	137.	TUSK
10	138.	U.M.C. (UPPER MIDDLE CLASS)
11	139.	UNDERSTANDING
11	140.	URGENT
12	141.	WE'RE ALL ALONE
1.0	142.	WE'VE GOT TONITE
13	143.	WHEREVER I MAY ROAM
14	144.	WHO ARE YOU
	145.	WHO'S CRYING NOW
15	146.	WHY GO
16	147.	YELLOW LEDBETTER
-	148.	YOU BETTER YOU BET
17	149.	YOU ONLY LIVE ONCE
10	150.	YOU'LL ACCOMP'NY ME
18		